

## **Thoughtful Quote**

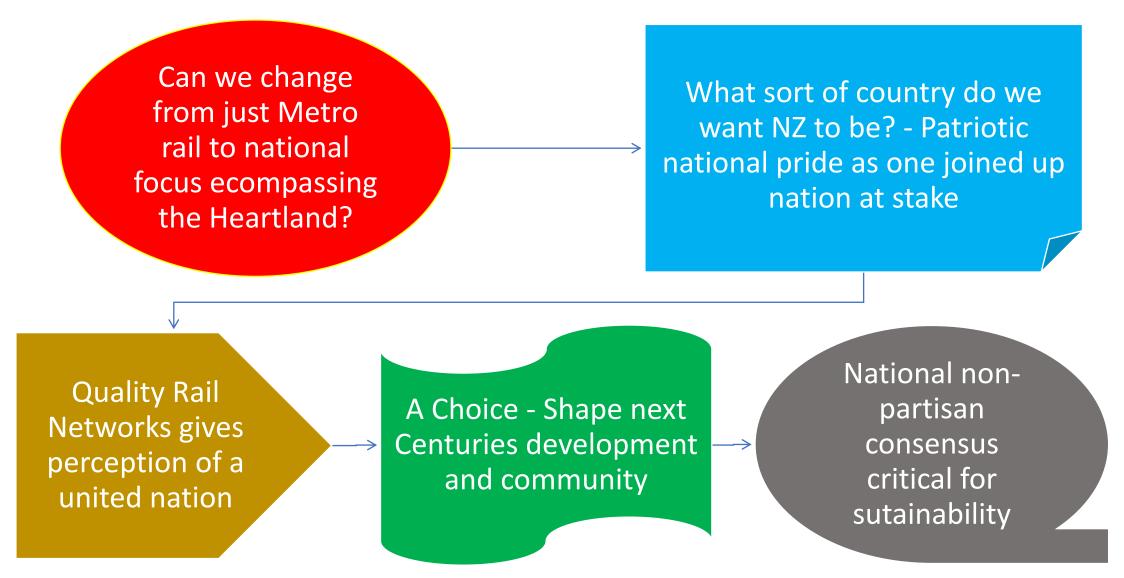
"There is more to be done than to make figures to show whether the railways are paying or not. You have to take into account consideration the areas to be tapped and the development of the country through which the railway passes ... instead of that, people bought and sold land and they got rich: and it was almost painted on the clouds the railways were not paying"

Michael Joseph Savage – Evening Post 10 June 1938, 10.



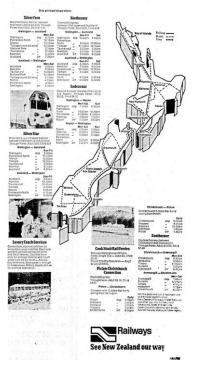


# Why A National Vision For Passenger Rail?

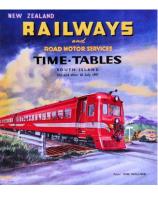


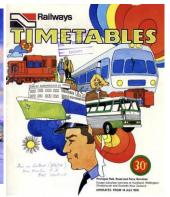
## Past Moves To Modern Integrated Networks

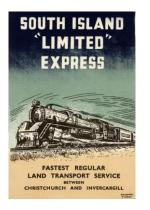
# Travel the land without paying the earth for it.

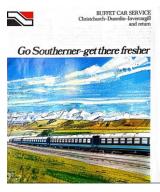


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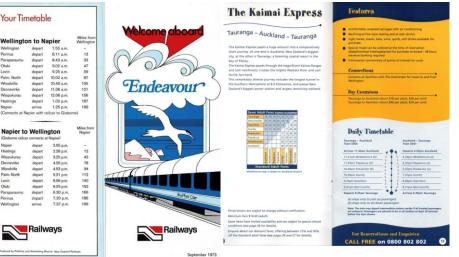














Past optimism, modernity and move towards national multi-modal integrated network by 1970's

Over time confidence was lost

# The 2020's - Today - NZ Passenger Rail



Auckland Metro – Auckland One Rail (CDC & UGL)



**Wellington Metro - Transdev** 



The Great Journeys of New Zealand – KiwiRail



Inter-Regional Passenger Rail – KiwiRail Commuter

# Why Passenger Rail? Environmental Benefits

Government policies / investment bias towards road and domestic aviation since 1960's

NZ has one of highest car ownership rates in World – too many 2<sup>nd</sup> hand car imports

Rail direct overhead electrification rather than battery reliance as EV's. EV's have other negative impacts. Aviation decarbonisation a long way off

Rail well utilised, significant opportunity to reduce net emissions. Reduce aviation reliance e.g. Auckland - Wellington (overnight) and Auckland – Tauranga

Rail more energy efficient even allowing for imbedded construction carbon

One train carrying 250 passengers reduces 170 cars trips on average

## Why Passenger Rail? Key Success Outcomes

**Connecting Communities** 

Support Economic Growth

Reduce greenhouse gas emissions Customer centric comfort, accessibility, innovation

Affordable fares
National
integrated
ticketing

Integrated networks eg, all modes - last mile essential Capacity, pace competitive to car, and infrastructure resilience

National standards and interoperability

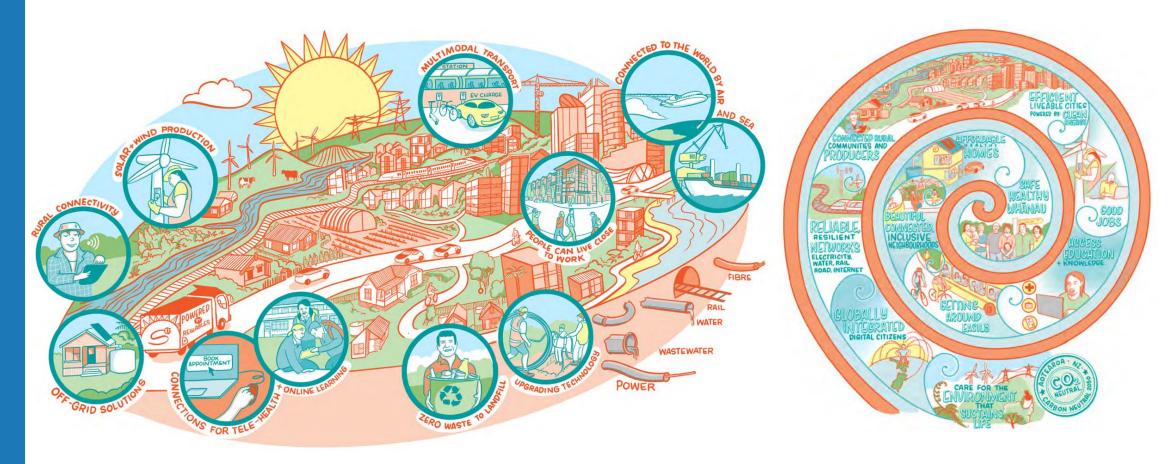
Improve safety and reducing congestion

Sustainable
Funding eg (Value
Capture, TOD's /
Co-Ops etc)

Spatial Planning /
Housing / Land
use intensification

Estimate services demand right in uncertain World

## Why? Infrastructure NZ Sustainability Framework



Source of diagrams: Rautaki Hanganga o Aotearoa New Zealand Infrastructure Strategy pages 6, 7 & 28 - Te Waihanga New Zealand Infrastructure Commission

Infrastructure New Zealand rural connectivity and multimodal transport key elements for a sustainable and resilient infrastructure - Inter-regional Rail is a key like water, wastewater, fibre, power, roads

# Where Inter-Regional Passenger Rail?



Identifying where rail has strategic edge over other PT modes, aviation or private car use



Potential journey time advantages due to superior rail alignments eg tunnelling



Analysing transport demand - current, latent, how does quality rail induce demand?



Spatial planning to ensure growth strategies are integrated with transport priorities



Access to affordable housing



Mana whenua and our Tamariki to have stronger voice and our social contract with these stakeholders and others is critical

## **Deficiencies In Planning and Funding Process**

#### **Current Deficiencies in The Process**

- Significant planning deficiencies in Analysis and Research lacking. Regional only focus but **inter-regional and national public transport national issue**. Inter-regional rail very challenging.
- ➤ Where is the national vision? Who is responsible? Regional partnerships with Central Government agency leadership required. The PT planning process heavily biased to intra-regional works for Auckland and Wellington Rail but not elsewhere.

#### **Potential Solution**

- ✓ Establish National Public Transport function to plan/develop national and regional integrated PT multi modal networks across all NZ ensuring alignment with national development priorities. Business cases funded as national development. Framework & resource with national analysis and research Regional & Central Govt partnering.
- ✓ "Sustainable Public Transport Framework" but doesn't go far enough a missed opportunity!



# **Vision – 1<sup>st=</sup> Priority - Upper North Island:**

#### Golden Triangle - Auckland - Hamilton - Tauranga



**Description:** High quality, fast frequent passenger rail Auckland - Hamilton - Tauranga up to 160kph Tri-Mode rolling stock – 50% of NZs population lives north of Te Awamutu



Current Status & Interventions: *Te Huia* Hamilton to Auckland Loco hauled rolling stock – top 100 kph. Infrequent service and no service to Tauranga. Fix Auckland congestion - 3<sup>rd</sup>/4<sup>th</sup> mains, enhanced signalling, central Auckland station, electrification extensions, Kaimai tunnel works, maintenance facilities etc. Hamilton - Auckland Intercity Project (Faster Rail) provided to MoT - see <a href="www.heriot-edievale.com">www.heriot-edievale.com</a>. Also see Making Rail Work Proposal for how this could be sustainably delivered



Source of train diagram below - Submission to
Parliamentary Transport and Infrastructure Select
Committee Inquiry Into the future of inter-regional
passenger rail in New Zealand - Ruapehu District
Council, Horizons Regional Council and Greater
Wellington



**Timing:** Developing now through to Tauranga by early 2030's possible

and Myth Busting campaign at: www.makingrailwork.com



NIRP / Te Huia proposed underfloor layout: 25kV AC equipment in gold, Batteries in green, CI engine/genset in black

New Zealand Australia UAE

# **Vision – 1<sup>st</sup>= Priority - Lower North Island:**

#### Wellington - Masterton & Wellington - Palm Nth - Whanganui



**Description:** Fast frequent pass rail connections Wellington – Palmerston North and Masterton 120-130kph speed using Tri-Mode rolling stock. Potential later expansion to Whanganui



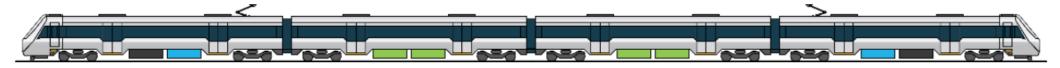
Current Status & Interventions: Capital Connection and Wairarapa Connection uses loco hauled rolling stock – 100 kph. New Rolling stock – Lower North Island Rail Integrated Mobility (LNIRIM) project underway. Infrastructure upgrades underway e.g. closing electrification gaps, track upgrades for reliable running, targeted duplication, and maintenance facilities etc





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**Timing:** Developing through to late 2020's delivery – project largely funded in 2023 budget - extended to Whanganui by early 2030's



Underfloor layout proposed in LNIRIM DBC: 1.6kV DC equipment in blue, Batteries in green, Cl engine/genset in black

Source of train diagram above : Submission to Parliamentary Transport and Infrastructure Select Committee Inquiry Into the future of inter-regional passenger rail in

New Zealand - Ruapehu District Council, Horizons Regional Council and Greater Wellington

## **Key Enabling Investment - Electrifications**







Electrification: 1st Pukekohe – Hamilton 2nd Hamilton – Tauranga 3rd Palmerston North – Waikanae

and 4th Upper Hutt - Masterton

Map Source: Beca Electrification study 2020

# Vision – 3<sup>rd</sup> Priority – National Network Connector:

#### **Auckland - Wellington - Picton - Christchurch (Connecting Nation)**



**Description:** Regional Rail Integrator Auckland to Wellington - daytime & overnight train, and Wellington



 Christchurch via Interisland connection. Leveraging off Golden Triangle and Lower North Island – 110kph elsewhere outside these sub networks

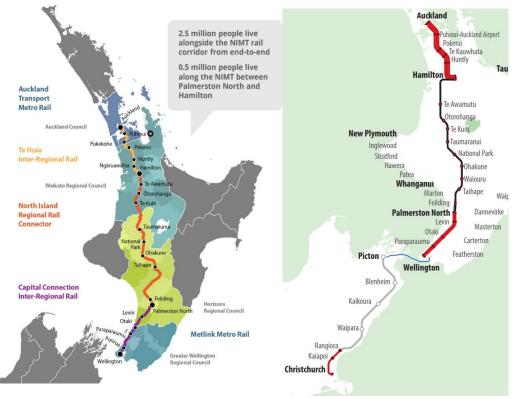


**Current Status & Interventions:** Northern Explorer & Coastal Pacific service seasonal & infrequent. Additional infrastructure and rolling stock upgrades



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**Timing:** New trains for NI and utilizing current Coastal Pacific fleet better – New ferries 2025/26. Upgraded by early 2030's.





**INTEGRATOR MODE:** Due to advancing battery technology, this rolling stock underfloor layout, will become viable regarding range resilience, at the time of procurement and/or future fleet upgrade: 1.6kV DC equipment in blue, 25kV AC equipment in gold, Batteries in green

Source of train diagram above: Submission to Parliamentary Transport and Infrastructure Select Committee Inquiry Into the future of inter-regional passenger rail in New Zealand - Ruapehu District Council, Horizons Regional Council and Greater Wellington

# Vision – Following Priorities 2030 - 2050

#### **Central South Island & Beyond**







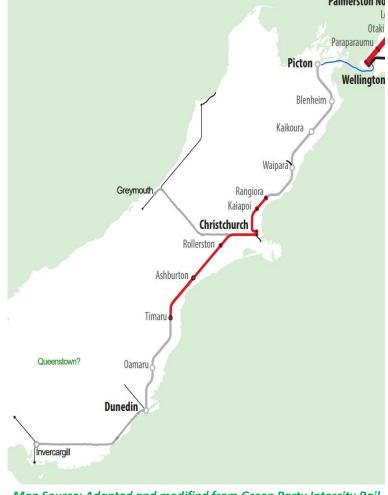
4<sup>th</sup> Central South Island: Rangiora - Christchurch - Ashburton - Timaru fast rail – connecting bus to south. Fast frequent running across Canterbury Plains by early 2030's

**5th Redefined Tourism Services:** Tranz Alpine and National Tour Train (all pax lines e.g. SIMT) / Charter Services – Commercial operation – ongoing as develops

6th Eventual Network Expansion: Extend to Dunedin Invercargill, Napier, New Plymouth and Northland. Rotorua? Gisborne? Queenstown via Kingston?? – 2030's - 2050

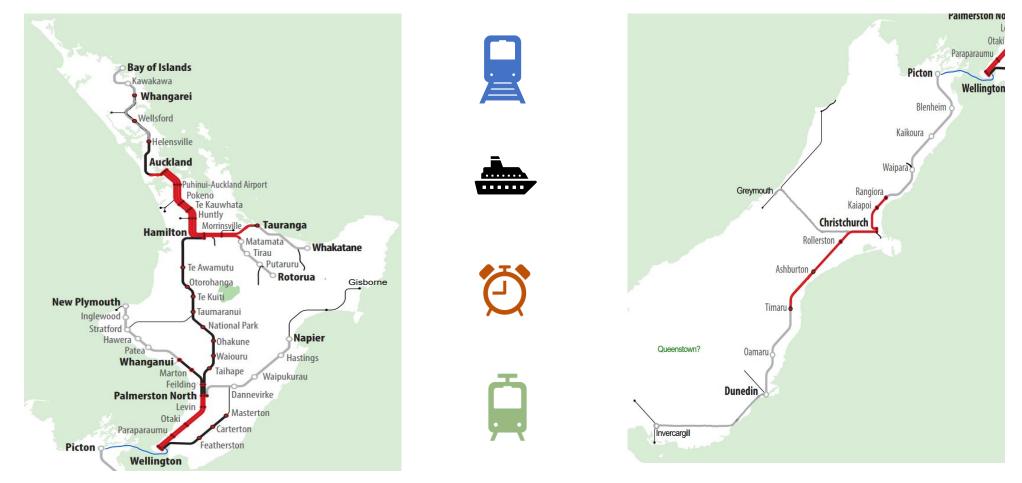
7th Additional New Local Networks: Suburban Christchurch, Mosgiel – Port Chalmers (Dunedin Railways), Waikato Local, BoP Local to Whakatane, Hawkes Bay Local – progressive delivery 2030 - 2050

8th Heritage Operators Sustenance: Dunedin Railways, GVR, Mainline Steam, Steam Inc etc – ongoing now 28/06/2023



Map Source: Adapted and modified from Green Party Intercity Rail proposal from 2020 Election proposal

# Vision – Completed National Network By 2040's



By 2040 a quality high frequent core network of fast (Red) trains supplemented by electrified NI regional connectors (solid Black). Complimented by longer distance trains (Grey) spanning the nation progressively by 2050 – some lines (thin black) likely stay freight only except for charter or heritage offerings

Map Source: Is adapted and modified from Green Party Intercity Rail proposal from 2020 Election proposal

# New Emerging Rolling Stock – Bi/Tri-Mode

(VLine (Victoria) VLocity, Etihad Rail, DB/Siemens and Wink/Stadler)











Potential inter-regional rail rolling stock adapting fast. From all diesel units like, the VLocity used in Vic. Aus. to Bi/Tri Mode Units (TMU). Power from overhead or battery charged either from CI engine or Overhead.

National procurement strategy for national standards



# Key Investments Inter-Regional Passenger Rail

Infrastructure Works – Track, Signalling upgrades eg ETCS

Rolling electrification - (Pukekohe - Hamilton - Tauranga and lower NIMT)

New and upgraded stations – getting platform heights consistent, national standards

Rolling Stock national standards - regional adaptation eg, EMU, Bi/Tri Mode, procurement

Stabling and maintenance (heavy, light, servicing at strategic locations, regional jobs)

Door-to-door last mile - autonomous vehicles, Mobility as Service, Micro mobility

Simulators, new control centres, PT national integrated ticketing (Tap & ride)

Rail Academy - build Rail/PT knowledge, prof development, new jobs, apprenticeships

Other investment eg affordable housing access, spatial planning, inward investment

## **Summary of Vision and Outcomes**

- ➤ Staged Rail over 20+ years Golden Triangle and Lower North Island first, then national connectors / South Island "Connecting Communities" A Choice
- ➤ National Public Transport Integrated Planning with Strong Regional input for right local and national outcomes supported by robust research and analysis
- > Rails key advantages leveraged, customer centric approach innovation required
- ➤ Compelling case for stakeholders for funding and delivery required non-partisan.
- Funding: Land Value Capture, TOD's, NZLTF, fuel / gen tax, rates, GST allocation, inward investment, community, pop funding base, car capital release, fare box
- ➤ Delivery models incl. Franchising, Concession, Development Co-operative
- ➤ Integrated networks Public bus improvements for many routes
- ➤ Rail skills enhancement development pipeline of industry capability

Not just Here & Now – Ambitions / new thinking – Better Connected Nation

## **Closing Thoughts**

"There is no reason to believe that bureaucrats and politicians, no matter how well meaning, are better at solving problems than the people on the spot, who have the strongest incentive to get the right solution"

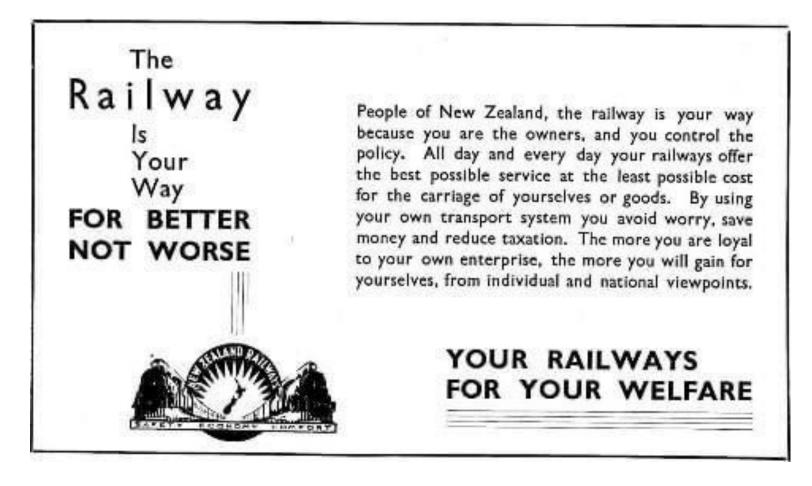
Elinor Ostrom – IPPR's 'The Climate Commons'

"It was a big job, and it required men that could think a mile high and three thousand miles long"

Johnny Cash, Riding the Rails, 1974



# **Epilogue - NZ Railways Is Your Railway!**



#### Let's Do This New Zealand!

